The Identification of Parasites in Bovine Feces

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The reason I did this project was to find how effective anthelmintics are when given to cattle. I wanted to see what parasites affect cattle that have not been given anthelmintics and how long the cattle stay parasite-free after being treated. I also wanted to know if feeding cattle on the ground, rather than in feed bunks, made a difference in the amount of parasite larvae in the feces. I collected twelve samples of feces, from different ranches. I used fecalyzers and a sugar-based solution to make the larvae eggs float to the top of the container and stick to the microscope slides. After sixteen minutes, I removed the microscope slides and placed them onto microscope lenses. I observed the different organisms under a microscope at 400 magnetisms. I predicted the samples that had received no anthelmintic would have many different parasite larvae. I also thought cattle that were fed on the ground would have more parasite larvae in their feces. I discovered parasites in all twelve of my samples. The sample that hadn't been given anthelmintic had many different parasite larvae were small, and harder to identify. In conclusion, I found that ranchers should deworm their cattle more frequently, to keep their cattle free of parasites.