

On the Largest Axes-Parallel Rectangle among Points in a Square

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Given S , a set of n points contained in the unit square $Q = [0, 1]^2$, let $f(S)$ denote the area of the largest axes-parallel rectangle that does not contain any of the points of S in its interior. Further, let $f(n)$ be the minimum value of $f(S)$ over all sets S of n points in Q . In 2009, Dumitrescu and Jiang proved that $f(2) = (3 - \sqrt{5})/2$, $f(4) = 1/4$, and the following general bounds for $f(n)$: $(1.25 - o(1)) \cdot 1/n \leq f(n) \leq 4 \cdot 1/n$. We show that $f(3) = 0.3079 \dots$, $0.2192 < f(5) < 0.2215$, and we improve the bounds in the general case: $(1.31 - o(1)) \cdot 1/n \leq f(n) \leq 1.91 \cdot 1/n$.

Awards Won:

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