On the Minimal Reset Words of Synchronizing Automata

Stoner, David

Cerny's conjecture is a 50-year old question which concerns the combinatorial field of synchronizing automata. In particular, it postulates that the maximal length of the minimal reset word among all n-state automata is (n-1)^2. A proof is presented for Pin's Theorem, which applies Cerny's conjecture to p-state automata consisting of a cycle and a non-permutation, where p is an odd prime. Also, families of automata of the form F(p, k) are introduced; they consist of a cycle and a group of k disjoint merging arcs. C(p, k) is defined to be the maximal length of minimal reset words within these families. A lower bound of C(p, k) for general k is demonstrated, and the exact value of C(p, 2) is found. These results are presented in two original theorems. In order to prove these statements, a connection is discovered between the structures of automata within F(p, k) and the cyclotomic field with respect to p.

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