

# Research on 3-periodic Points for the Generalized Tent Maps

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In this paper, we investigate the generalized tent maps, whose vertex, left endpoint and right endpoint are  $(a, b)$ ,  $(0, s)$  and  $(1, c)$  respectively, where  $0 < a < 1$ ,  $0 < b \leq 1$ ,  $0 \leq c < 1$  and  $0 \leq s < 1$ . According to the Li-York theorem, the core of my research is that under the following different situations, we give the conditions for the existence of 3-periodic points and the number of 3-periodic points for the generalized tent maps, and which three of the 3-periodic points for  $f$  are determined to form a periodic orbit. From the easy cases to difficult cases, we firstly consider the three cases that the left endpoint and the right endpoint of the maps are  $(0, 0)$  and  $(1, c)$  separately, the vertex is  $(1/2, 1)$ ,  $(a, 1)$  or  $(1/2, b)$  separately. Lastly, we investigate the cases that the vertex, left endpoint and right endpoint are  $(a, b)$ ,  $(0, s)$  and  $(1, c)$  separately, where  $0 < a < 1$ ,  $0 < b \leq 1$ ,  $0 \leq c < 1$  and  $0 \leq s < 1$ .