

# The Structure of the Positive Monoid of Integer-Valued Polynomials Evaluated at an Algebraic Number

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Motivated by the characterization of symmetric monoidal functors between Deligne categories, the additive monoid  $R_+(x)$  is defined as the set of all nonnegative integer linear combinations of binomial coefficients  $\binom{x}{n}$  for non-negative integers  $n$ . My project was concerned with the inquiry into the structure of  $R_+(\alpha)$  for complex numbers  $\alpha$ . I proved that this object is a ring if and only if  $\alpha$  is an algebraic number that is not a nonnegative integer. I also gave two explicit representations of  $R_+(\alpha)$ , for both algebraic integers and general algebraic numbers  $\alpha$ . One is in terms of inequalities for the valuations with respect to certain prime ideals and the other is in terms of explicitly constructed generators  $\alpha_p$ . In particular, all algebraic integers generated by  $\alpha$  are also contained in this ring. I also obtained a particularly good simplification of the structure of  $R_+(\alpha)$  that works for all primes not dividing the discriminant of its minimal polynomial. This implies that a complete computationally effective characterization is obtained for every  $\alpha$ , for all but finitely many prime numbers. Moreover, it leads to a particularly simple description of  $R_+(\alpha)$  for both quadratic algebraic numbers and roots of unity  $\alpha$ . I also recovered a result from Harman and Kalinov about the transitivity of  $R_+(\alpha)$ , only using combinatorial techniques, whereas their proof uses category theory.

## Awards Won:

Fourth Award of \$500

American Mathematical Society: Third Award of \$500