## Engineering Hybrid System to Generate Renewable Energy From Solar and Raindrop Energy Using Newly Designed Compatible Piezoelectric Devices

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By 2030, the world must ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable energy. However, the power generated from two potential renewable energy resources -solar cells and raindrop piezoelectric devices- is limited. Solar cells depend entirely on sunlight, and their efficiency drops when subjected to excessive heat. Raindrop piezoelectric devices have slow responses to vibrations because of the large-scale design, and the device bending mechanism exposes them to breakage. Therefore, this project aims to fabricate compatible microstructural piezoelectric devices using LiNbO<sub>3</sub> as a piezoelectric material that detects raindrop vibrations more efficiently and can respond to sunlight and heat; then integrate those devices on the solar cell to create a hybrid system that eliminates heat efficiency drops and generate energy from sunlight and raindrops. The hybrid system integrates fabricated piezoelectric devices achieved a VPP of 0.35V and a power of 235mW from one raindrop. Also, the piezoelectric devices demonstrate a significant response to high temperatures with a VPP of 7.54V at 70°C and a power of 0.3W at 77°C. After assembling the hybrid system, the added VPP values reached 22.6% (from sunlight) and 8.3% (from raindrops). This hybrid system can be installed in any solar-energy farms or solar-cell cars to maximize the energy production of both existing devices, allowing energy production during most weather conditions.

Awards Won:

Third Award of \$1,000